

1. A relation ρ on a set A is said to be *irreflexive* if for all $x \in A$, $x \not\rho x$. It is an *SPO* if it is irreflexive and transitive.
- (a) Show that if ρ is an SPO then ρ is antisymmetric.
- (b) Show that if ρ is an SPO then the relation \preceq defined by declaring that

$$x \preceq y \iff (x \rho y \vee x = y)$$

is a partial order.

2. Let $A = \{n \in \mathbb{N} : n \mid 36\}$. Draw a lattice diagram for the poset $(A, |)$.

3. Let (S, \preceq) be a poset, and let $A, B \subseteq S$, $p, q, r \in S$. Suppose that

- $p = \sup A$;
- $q = \sup B$; and
- $r = \sup\{p, q\}$.

Show that r is a least upper bound for $A \cup B$. [Hint: in fact, for $s \in S$, s is an upper bound for $A \cup B$ iff s is an upper bound for $\{p, q\}$. You should **not** use this fact without proof, but it may guide you in finding your proof that $r = \sup(A \cup B)$.]